

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented method for use in emulating a processor of a first type which observes a first convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words on a second type of processor which observes a second convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words, comprising: wherein

transforming memory access addresses for an entire address space of a plurality of words ~~are transformed~~ such that bytes stored in a memory addressed by a processor of the second type as a result of an instruction in which a byte order in accordance with the first convention is observed are distributed in a pattern which is a mirror image of the distribution pattern of the bytes which would result if the memory was addressed by a processor of the first type in response to the said instruction.

2. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented method for use in emulating a processor of a first type which observes a first convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words on a second type of processor which observes a second convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words, the order of the second convention being the reverse of the order of the first, comprising: wherein

transforming memory access addresses ~~are transformed~~ such that:

(a) the offset between addresses of any two bytes stored in memory is unaltered by the transformation, wherein said any two bytes are spaced apart in memory by a plurality of words; and

(b) the relative order of the addresses of said any two bytes stored in the memory is reversed by the transformation.

3. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented method for use in emulating a processor of a first type which observes a first endian format for ordering the significance of bytes within words on a second type of processor which observes a second endian format for ordering the

significance of bytes within words, comprising: wherein

transforming memory access addresses ~~are transformed~~ such that strings of bytes in the first endian format in a plurality of words which are stored successively by the processor operating in accordance with the second endian format aggregate in the same manner as the bytes would aggregate if the processor was of the first endian format and memory access addresses were not transformed,.

4. (Currently amended) A computer-implemented method for use in emulating a processor of a first type which observes a first convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words on a second type of processor which observes a second convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words, comprising: wherein

transforming a plurality of memory access addresses relating to a plurality of words such that each memory access address B of string length L is transformed to the address  $A-B-L+S$ , wherein A is the total number of bytes allocated to a program, and S is the start address of the program.

5. (Currently amended) A process for compiling or translating a computer program code instruction using transformed address space references in the compiled or translated code especially configured for execution on a programmable machine utilizing a corresponding predetermined convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words of said address space, said process comprising:

(a) during compilation or translation of a code instruction referring to a memory address, transforming the referenced memory address with respect to a fixed block size of a plurality of words in memory in the predetermined programmable machine so as to change the referenced address value by an amount that is fixed for a given number of bytes being accessed in each word; and

(b) including the thus changed address reference in a compiled or translated output instruction so that there is no extra operation required during execution of the output instruction to accommodate the convention for ordering bytes within words used by said predetermined programmable machine.

6. (Original) A process according to claim 5, wherein said code is a computer program source code.
7. (Original) A process as in claim 5, wherein said change causes said fixed block of memory to be addressed from a predetermined one of its two ends depending upon the convention utilized by said predetermined programmable machine for ordering the significance of bytes within words.
8. (Original) A process as in claim 5, wherein said change causes the fixed block of memory contents for a big-endian machine to be inverted to the mirror image of that for a little-endian machine.
9. (Currently amended) An endian transformation system, comprising:  
a memory having a plurality of memory access addresses to address a plurality of words;  
and  
a second type of processor for accessing said memory using said memory access addresses, having means for transforming [[a]] memory access addresses for use when emulating  
a processor of a first type which observes a first convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words on said [[a]] second type of processor which observes a second convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words,  
wherein memory access addresses are transformed for a plurality of words such that bytes stored in said [[a]] memory addressed by [[a]] said second type of processor of the second type as a result of an instruction in which a byte order in accordance with the first convention is observed are distributed in a pattern which is a mirror image of the distribution pattern of the bytes which would result if the memory was addressed by a processor of the first type in response to the said instruction.
10. (Currently amended) An endian transformation system, comprising:  
a memory having a plurality of memory access addresses to address a plurality of words;  
and  
a second type of processor for accessing said memory using said memory access addresses, having means for transforming [[a]] memory access addresses for use when emulating

a processor of a first type which observes a first convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words on [[a]] said second type of processor which observes a second convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words, the order of the second convention being the reverse of the order of the first,

wherein memory access addresses are transformed such that

(a) the offset between addresses of any two bytes stored in memory is unaltered by the transformation, wherein said any two bytes are spaced apart in memory by a plurality of words and

(b) the relative order of the addresses of said any two bytes stored in the memory is reversed by the transformation.

11. (Currently amended) An endian transformation system, comprising:

a memory having a plurality of memory access addresses to address a plurality of words;  
and

a second type of processor for accessing said memory using said memory access addresses, having means for transforming memory access addresses for use when emulating a processor of a first type which observes a first endian format for ordering the significance of bytes within words on [[a]] said second type of processor which observes a second endian format for ordering the significance of bytes within words,

wherein memory access addresses are transformed such that strings of bytes in the first endian format in a plurality of words which are stored successively by the processor operating in accordance with the second endian format aggregate in the same manner as the bytes would aggregate if the processor was of the first endian format and memory access addresses were not transformed.

12. (Currently amended) An endian transformation system, comprising:

a memory having a plurality of memory access addresses to address a plurality of words;  
and

a second type of processor for accessing said memory using said memory access addresses, having means for transforming memory access addresses relating to said plurality of words for use when emulating a processor of a first type which observes a first convention for

ordering the significance of bytes within words on [[a]] said second type of processor which observes a second convention for ordering the significance of bytes within words, wherein each memory access address B of string length L is transformed to the address  $A-B-L+S$ , wherein A is the total number of bytes allocated to a program, and S is the start address of the program.

13. (Cancelled)